BNY MELLON CAPITAL MARKETS, LLC (An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of BNY Mellon)

Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2024

(Unaudited)

(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of BNY Mellon)

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BNY MELLON CAPITAL MARKETS, LLC (An Indirectly Wholly Owned Subsidiary of BNY Mellon)

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Assets

Assets:		
Cash	\$	822,618
Cash segregated for regulatory purposes		26,252,826
Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations		193,964,326
Receivable from customers		5,837,767
Securities purchased under agreements to resell, net		1,580,871,625
Securities owned, at fair value (includes \$3,235,919,003 pledged as collateral)		3,426,508,220
Derivative assets, net		728,206
Fees receivable		8,741,922
Interest receivable		14,729,544
Receivable from affiliates		87,685
Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements,		
at cost, (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$2,656,517)		50,938
Software and intangibles		
at cost (net of accumulated amortization of \$14,642,590)		6,844,823
Deferred tax asset, net		4,393,445
Other assets	_	7,151,894
Total assets	\$_	5,276,985,839
Liabilities and Member's Equity		
Liabilities:		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, net	\$	3,200,000,000
Payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations		188,339,338
Payable to customers		2,580,856
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value		1,496,363,535
Derivative liabilities, net		3,710,480
Payable to affiliates		7,331,433
Interest payable		9,989,581
Accrued compensation and other expenses		5,381,958
Other liabilities	_	3,574,538
Total liabilities	_	4,917,271,719
Member's equity	_	359,714,120
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$_	5,276,985,839

See accompanying notes to Statement of Financial Condition.

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(1) Organization

BNY Mellon Capital Markets, LLC (the Company), is a wholly owned subsidiary of BNY Capital Markets Holdings, Inc. (the Parent), which in turn, is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation (BNY Mellon). The Company is a registered broker dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company is also a member of the Municipal Securities Rule Making Board (MSRB) and Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).

The Company provides a wide range of financial services. Its businesses include securities underwriting, distribution, and trading. The Company conducts trading activity with its customers on both a principal and agency basis. Securities products offered and sold by the Company are not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. These securities products are not deposits or other obligations of BNY Mellon, are not guaranteed by BNY Mellon, and are subject to investment risks including the possibility of loss of principal invested.

The Company clears all its transactions through Pershing LLC (Pershing), an affiliate broker-dealer, on a fully disclosed basis, except for mortgage-backed securities, United States treasuries and federal agency debentures, which are cleared by the Company, and futures, which are cleared by Citigroup Global Markets, Inc. (Citi).

(2) Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Financial statement presentation

The Company maintains its records in United States dollars. These financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

(b) Use of estimates

The preparation of the Statement of Financial Condition in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in the Statement of Financial Condition and accompanying footnotes. Management believes that the estimates utilized in the Statement of Financial Condition are reasonable. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Market conditions could increase the risk and complexity of the judgments in these estimates.

(c) Restricted cash

Cash on deposit for the exclusive benefit of customers in accordance with SEC Rule 15c3-3, which is reported on the Statement of Financial Condition as Cash segregated for regulatory purposes, is considered restricted cash. Cash on deposit with clearing organizations, which is reported on the Statement of Financial Condition as Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations, is also considered restricted cash.

(d) Receivables from and Payables to Broker-Dealers and Clearing Organizations

Receivables from broker-dealers and clearing organizations include amounts receivable from clearing organizations relating to pending and/or unsettled transactions, clearing deposits, and securities failed

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to deliver. Payables to broker-dealers and clearing organizations include amounts payable to clearing organizations relating to pending and/or unsettled securities trading activity, margin borrowings and securities failed to receive. Securities failed to deliver and Securities failed to receive represent sales and purchases of securities by the Company, but for which it has not delivered or received the securities on settlement date. Such transactions are initially measured at the sale or purchase price plus any accrued interest.

(e) Receivable from and Payable to customers

Receivable from and Payable to customers represent amounts due from/to customers, primarily related to unsettled securities transactions which are reported net by customer.

(f) Securities received from customers

Securities received from customers in lieu of cash margin are not reflected in the Statement of Financial Condition as the Company does not own such securities and they may only be sold or hypothecated to the extent the Company requires the equivalent funds to meet regulatory or counterparty requirements.

(g) Securities owned and Securities sold, not yet purchased

Financial instruments such as securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, are stated at fair value the Statement of Financial Condition. The fair value of such financial instruments is generally based on listed market prices. For financial instruments where prices from recent exchange transactions are not available, the Company determines fair value based on discounted cash flow analysis, comparison to similar instruments and the use of financial models. Financial model-based pricing uses inputs of observable prices, where available, including interest rates, credit spreads, and other factors.

Securities sold, not yet purchased, represent obligations to deliver specified securities. The Company is obligated to acquire the securities sold, not yet purchased at prevailing market prices in the future to satisfy these obligations.

(h) Derivative contracts

Derivatives are stated at fair value on the Statement of Financial Condition. Derivatives in unrealized gain positions are recognized as assets while derivatives in unrealized loss positions are recognized as liabilities. Derivatives are reported net by counterparty and after consideration of cash collateral, to the extent they are subject to legally enforceable netting agreements. Derivatives include forward settling trades such as when-issued and to-be-announced ("TBA") securities, listed futures contracts and options on futures which are recorded on a trade date basis. The fair value of such financial instruments is generally based on listed market prices. For financial instruments where prices from recent exchange transactions are not available, the Company determines fair value based on discounted cash flow analysis, comparison to similar instruments and the use of financial models.

(i) Fair value measurement

Fair value is defined under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, as the price that would be received to sell an

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asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. It establishes a hierarchy of inputs for measuring fair value:

- Level 1 inputs Unadjusted quoted prices at the measurement date in active, accessible markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs Quoted prices in active markets for similar instruments, quoted prices in inactive markets for identical or similar instruments, other observable inputs (interest rates and yield curves) or inputs other than quoted prices that are derived from/corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 inputs Best information available when no observable market activity or observable inputs for the asset or liability exist at the measurement date.

In valuing its positions, the Company uses listed market prices for exchange-traded securities, derivatives, and prices quoted by independent brokers and dealers for U.S. government and other over-the-counter securities and derivatives.

In valuing level 3 securities, if any exist, the Company first looks to current prices (any price not greater than 30 days old) with substantial size for similar securities. If no price is available, the Company utilizes model-based pricing, which takes into account the expected cash flows and credit quality of the financial instrument. See footnote 9 for more information.

(j) Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities sold under agreements to repurchase

Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities sold under agreements to repurchase are treated as collateralized financing transactions and are carried at amounts at which the securities will be subsequently resold or repurchased plus accrued interest. The Company nets eligible repurchase agreements and resale agreements in the Statement of Financial Condition in accordance with ASC Subtopic 210-20, *Balance Sheet - Offsetting*. See footnote 10 for more information.

It is the Company's policy to take possession of securities purchased under agreements to resell. The Company is required to provide securities to counterparties in order to collateralize repurchase agreements. Once pledged, these securities are considered encumbered securities. The Company minimizes credit risk associated with these activities by monitoring credit exposure and collateral values on a daily basis and requiring additional collateral to be deposited or returned when deemed appropriate.

In the normal course of business, the Company obtains securities under resale agreements on terms that permit it to re-pledge or resell the securities to others.

Interest is accrued on securities purchased under agreements to resell and securities sold under agreements to repurchase contract amounts and are included in the respective lines on the Statement of Financial Condition.

(k) Furniture, equipment, leasehold improvements and software

Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements are carried at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. Furniture and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the

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respective useful lives of the asset, generally ranging from four to ten years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of fifteen years or the term of the lease. Internally developed software is amortized over a five-year period.

(l) Income taxes

The Company is included in the consolidated federal and combined state and local income tax returns filed by BNY Mellon. In addition, the Company files stand-alone tax returns in certain jurisdictions including Pennsylvania. Income taxes are calculated using the modified separate return method, and the amount of current tax expense or benefit is either remitted to or received from BNY Mellon, pursuant to a tax sharing agreement between BNY Mellon and the Company.

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with FASB ASC 740, *Incomes Taxes*, which generally requires the recognition of tax benefits or expenses on the temporary differences between the financial reporting and the tax basis of assets and liabilities. If appropriate, deferred tax assets are adjusted by a valuation allowance, which reflects expectations of the extent to which such assets are more likely than not to be realized.

In accordance with ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes*, the Company uses a two-step approach in recognizing and measuring its uncertain tax benefits whereby it is first determined if the tax position is more likely than not to be sustained under examination. If the tax position meets the more likely than not threshold, the position is then measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. A tax position that fails to meet the more likely than not recognition threshold will result in either a reduction of current or deferred tax assets, and/or recording of current or deferred tax liabilities.

(m) Leasing

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Right-of-use ("ROU") assets represent the right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the obligation to make lease payments. The ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at commencement date or at lease modification date for certain lease modifications. For all leases, the Company uses a rate that represents a collateralized incremental borrowing rate based on similar terms and information available at lease commencement date or at the modification date for certain lease payments. In addition to the lease payments, the determination of an ROU asset may also include certain adjustments related to lease incentives and initial direct costs incurred. Options to extend or terminate a lease are included in the determination of the ROU asset and lease liability only when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise that option.

Lease expense for operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term, while the lease expense for finance leases is recognized using the effective interest method. ROU assets are reviewed for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. For operating leases, if deemed impaired, the ROU asset is written down and the remaining balance is subsequently amortized on a straight-line basis which results in lease expense recognition that is similar to finance leases. The Company is not a party to any leases at June 30, 2024.

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(n) Expected Credit Losses

In accordance with FASB ASC 326-20, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, the Company has recorded a credit reserve of \$8,421 included in Other liabilities on the Statement of Financial Condition. Credit reserves were established based on expected credit loss models and approaches that include consideration of multiple forecast scenarios, unfunded off-balance sheet commitments and other methodologies. Under ASC 326, the Company has elected to use the collateral maintenance provision practical expedient for its collateralized financing agreements.

(3) Securities owned and Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value, consist of the following at June 30, 2024:

	-	Securities owned	Securities sold, not yet purchased
Corporate and sovereign debt securities	\$	190,497,943	28,347,054
U.S. treasury obligations		1,389,807,999	1,450,463,789
U.S. government agencies		67,608,302	-
Agency mortgage-backed securities		1,582,287,605	-
State and municipal obligations		155,686,322	117,204
Certificates of deposit		1,381,048	939,009
Commercial paper		19,936,258	-
Equity securities	-	19,302,743	16,496,479
	\$	3,426,508,220	1,496,363,535

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(4) Receivable from and Payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations and customers

Receivable from and payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations and customers consist of the following at June 30, 2024:

	_	Receivable	Payable
Receivable from/payable to clearing brokers	\$	1,972,149	156,809,807
Securities failed-to-deliver/receive - broker-dealers		54,434,162	31,529,531
Trades pending settlement		121,333,396	-
Deposits at clearing organizations	_	16,224,619	
Receivable from and Payable to broker-dealers	-		
and clearing organizations	:	193,964,326	188,339,338
Collateral receivable from/payable to customers Receivable from/payable to customers		- 5,837,767	2,570,055 10,801
x •	-		
Receivable from and Payable to customers	\$	5,837,767	2,580,856

The Company clears its customer facilitation transactions, with the exception of mortgage-backed securities, United States treasuries, and federal agency debentures through Pershing on a fully disclosed basis. Pershing, an affiliated broker dealer, clears all transactions except the aforementioned and futures transactions, which are cleared through Citi. The amount receivable from clearing broker is due from Citi, and amount payable to the clearing broker is due to Pershing and is primarily comprised of a margin loan payable for securities owned and financed.

Securities fail-to-receive and fail-to-deliver from brokers represent unsettled trades which are past settlement date that either the Company has not received payment (or delivered securities), or the Company has not received securities (or made payment).

Trades pending settlement represent the contract price of securities to be delivered or received by the Company. Should the counterparty not deliver the securities to the Company, the Company may be required to purchase identical securities on the open market. The value of such securities at June 30, 2024 approximates the amounts owed.

The Deposits at clearing organizations represents balances on deposit that are required in order to do business and are reviewed periodically.

The Company receives and pays collateral against open contractual commitments. Cash collateral is reflected in the financial statements. Non-cash collateral is not reflected in the financial statements.

The Company minimizes credit risk by monitoring counterparty credit exposure and collateral values on a daily basis. The Company requires additional collateral to be deposited or returned, and likewise, counterparties request and return collateral as deemed necessary.

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(5) Furniture, equipment, and leasehold improvements

Software and intangibles consist of the following as of June 30, 2024:

Furniture and office equipment Computer equipment	\$ 1,695,700 1,011,755 2,707,455
Less accumulated depreciation Furniture, equipment, leasehold improvements, net	\$ 2,656,517 50,938
Software	\$ 21,487,413
Less accumulated amortization Software and intangibles, net	\$ 14,642,590 6,844,823

(6) Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities sold under agreements to repurchase

At June 30, 2024, the Company had received securities with a fair value of \$2,195,859,400 as collateral for the counterparty's obligation for securities purchased under agreements to resell of \$2,195,251,625 before netting. These particular transactions are primarily overnight contracts for U.S. treasuries, in which the principal values are reset regularly.

At June 30, 2024, the Company had pledged securities with a fair value of \$3,877,047,497 as collateral for its obligation for securities sold under agreements to repurchase of \$3,814,380,000 before netting.

(7) Line of credit

The Company maintains an uncommitted line of credit of \$1 billion with BNY Mellon IHC, LLC. The line of credit is used to finance the Company's trading business. Principal is payable on demand. None of the line was in use at June 30, 2024.

(8) Related-party transactions

The Company conducts recurring business with affiliated entities including significant financing and operating transactions. During the year ended June 30, 2024, such transactions included purchases of securities under agreements to resell and other advisory services. The affiliates also provide legal, tax, banking, sub-custodial, data processing, rent, and other administrative support services to the Company pursuant to cost sharing agreements between the Company and BNY Mellon and affiliates.

As of June 30, 2024, the Company had fees receivable from affiliate of \$75,000 for the issuance of affiliate debt.

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At June 30, 2024 the margin balance payable to Pershing was \$156,809,807 and is included in Payable to brokers-dealers and clearing organizations. The contract price of trades pending settlement at Pershing will become part of the margin balance upon settlement. See footnote 4 for additional information.

As of June 30, 2024, amounts payable to affiliates of \$7,331,433 consists of payables related to accounts payable processing and intercompany service payments made by an affiliate on behalf of the Company including income tax.

The following table sets forth the Company's related party assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2024:

Assets:		
Cash	\$	822,618
Fees receivable		75,000
Receivable from affiliates	_	87,685
Total assets	\$	985,303
Liabilities:		
Payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations	\$	156,809,807
Payable to affiliates		7,331,433
Total liabilities	\$	164,141,240

(9) Financial instruments

a) Fair value

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, the Company groups its financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in three levels, based on the markets in which the assets and liabilities are traded and the observability of the assumptions used to determine fair value.

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. Level 1 assets and liabilities include certain debt equity securities, derivative financial instruments actively traded on exchanges and highly liquid government bonds.

Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, for example, quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, and inputs that are observable or can be corroborated, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument. Level 2 assets and liabilities included debt instruments that are traded less frequently than exchange-traded securities and derivative financial instruments whose model inputs are observable in the market or can be corroborated by market-observable data. Examples in this category are MBS, corporate debt securities and over-the-counter ("OTC") derivative contracts.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurements.

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A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The balances of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Assets at fair value as of June 30, 2024								
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ⁽¹⁾	Total				
Securities owned, at fair value:									
Corporate and sovereign									
debt securities	\$ -	190,497,943	-	-	190,497,943				
U.S. treasury obligations	1,389,807,999	-	-	-	1,389,807,999				
U.S. government agencies	-	67,608,302	-	-	67,608,302				
Agency mortgage-backed									
securities	-	1,582,287,605	-	-	1,582,287,605				
State and municipal									
obligations	-	155,686,322	-	-	155,686,322				
Certificates of deposit	-	1,381,048	-	-	1,381,048				
Commercial paper	-	19,936,258	-	-	19,936,258				
Equity securities	19,302,743	-	-		19,302,743				
Total securities									
owned, at fair value	1,409,110,742	2,017,397,478	-	-	3,426,508,220				
,	1,109,110,7.12	2,017,037,170			2,120,200,220				
Derivative assets, at fair value									
Fixed Income Forwards	-	15,495,852	-	(14,778,071)	717,781				
Interest rate derivatives	10,425		-		10,425				
Total derivative assets,									
at fair value	10,425	15,495,852		(14,778,071)	728,206				
Total fair valued assets	\$_1,409,121,167_	2,032,893,330		(14,778,071)	3,427,236,426				

⁽¹⁾ Includes the effect of netting agreements and net cash collateral received.

	Liabilities at fair value as of June 30, 2024								
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ⁽¹⁾	Total				
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value: Corporate and sovereign									
debt securities	\$ -	28,347,054	-	-	28,347,054				
U.S. treasury obligations State and municipal	1,450,463,789	-	-	-	1,450,463,789				
obligations	-	117,204	-	-	117,204				
Certificates of deposit	-	939,009	-	-	939,009				
Equity securities	16,496,479				16,496,479				
Total securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	1,466,960,268	29,403,267	-	-	1,496,363,535				
Derivative liabilities, at fair value Fixed Income Forwards	<u> </u>	17,361,213		(13,650,733)	3,710,480				
Total derivative liabilities, at fair value		17,361,213		(13,650,733)	3,710,480				
Total fair valued liabilities	\$ 1,466,960,268	46,764,480		(13,650,733)	1,500,074,015				

⁽¹⁾ Includes the effect of netting agreements and net cash collateral paid.

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b) Derivative instruments

The Company enters into various transactions involving derivatives financial instruments. These financial instruments include futures, exchange-traded options, forward settling government/agency securities, and agency mortgage-backed securities including to-be-announced contracts (TBAs), and Total Return Swaps (TRS). These derivative instruments are used to manage exposure to market and interest rate risk.

Futures and forward settling mortgage-backed TBA, securities provide for the delayed delivery of the underlying instrument. As a seller of options, the Company receives a premium in exchange for giving the counterparty the right to buy or sell the security at a future date at a contracted price. As a purchaser of options, the Company pays a premium in exchange for the right to buy or sell the security at a future date at a contracted price. The notional amounts for derivative financial instruments express the dollar volume of the transactions; however, credit risk is much smaller. Futures contracts are executed on an exchange, and cash settlement is transacted the next business day for the market movement. Accordingly, futures contracts generally have minimal credit risk. The counterparty credit risk on forward settling TBAs, ARMs, and CMO securities and options is limited to the unrealized fair value gains recorded in the Statement of Financial Condition. Market risk is substantially dependent upon the value of the underlying financial instrument and is affected by market forces such as volatility and changes in interest rates.

The following table summarizes the notional amount and credit exposure of derivative instruments at June 30, 2024:

	Notional value (in thousands)	_	Derivative assets, at fair value	Derivative liabilities, at fair value
Forwards:				
Fixed Income Instruments	14,296,388	\$	15,495,852	17,361,213
Interest Rate Derivatives: Secured Overnight Financing Rate Futures	375		10,050	-
Secured Overnight Financing Rate Options	150		375	-
Total gross derivatives, at fair value		\$	15,506,277	17,361,213
Impact of netting Total net derivatives, at fair value	e	\$	(14,778,071) 728,206	(13,650,733) 3,710,480

c) Financial Assets and Liabilities not measured at Fair Value

The fair values of other financial assets and liabilities (consisting primarily of Receivable from and Payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations; Receivable from and Payable to customers;

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Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Securities sold under agreements to repurchase) are considered to approximate their carrying amounts because they have limited counterparty credit risk and are short-term, replaceable on demand, and/or bear interest at market rates.

		Summary	of financial instru	ments						
	Fair value as of June 30, 2024									
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total estimated fair value	Carrying amounts				
Assets:	_	Leveri			value	amounts				
Cash	\$	822,618	-	-	822,618	822,618				
Cash segregated for	Ψ	0,010			0,010	022,010				
regulatory purposes		26,252,826	-	-	26,252,826	26,252,826				
Receivable from broker-dealers										
and clearing organizations		16,224,619	177,739,707	-	193,964,326	193,964,326				
Receivable from customers		-	5,837,767	-	5,837,767	5,837,767				
Securities purchased under										
agreements to resell, net		-	1,580,871,625	-	1,580,871,625	1,580,871,625				
Fees receivable		-	8,741,922	-	8,741,922	8,741,922				
Interest receivable		-	14,729,544	-	14,729,544	14,729,544				
Receivable from affiliates		-	87,685		87,685	87,685				
Total	\$_	43,300,063	1,788,008,250		1,831,308,313	1,831,308,313				
Liabilities:										
Securities sold under										
agreements to repurchase, net	\$	-	3,200,000,000	-	3,200,000,000	3,200,000,000				
Payable to broker-dealers			100 220 220		100 220 220	100 220 220				
and clearing organizations Payable to customers		-	188,339,338 2,580,856	-	188,339,338 2,580,856	188,339,338 2,580,856				
Payable to affiliates		-	7,331,433	-	7,331,433	7,331,433				
Interest payable		_	9,989,581	-	9,989,581	9,989,581				
Total	\$		3,408,241,208		3,408,241,208	3,408,241,208				
	~ =									

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(10) Offsetting of assets and liabilities

The following tables present derivative assets and liabilities and financial instruments that are subject to an enforceable netting agreement.

Offsetting of Derivative Assets and Financial Instruments

June 30, 2024							
	Offset in the	Net assets recognized in					
Gross assets recognized	statement of financial condition	the statement of financial condition	Financial instruments	Cash collateral received	Net amount		
15 405 852	(14 778 071)	717 701			717,781		
13,493,832	(14,778,071)	/1/,/81			/1/,/81		
15,495,852	(14,778,071)	717,781			717,781		
10 425	_	10 425	_	_	10,425		
10,425		10,425			10,425		
10,425	-	10,425	-	-	10,425		
15,506,277	(14,778,071)	728,206			728,206		
2.195.251.625	(614,380,000)	1.580.871.625	(1.580.871.625)	_	_		
	recognized 15,495,852 15,495,852 10,425 10,425	Gross assets recognized statement of financial condition 15,495,852 (14,778,071) 15,495,852 (14,778,071) 10,425 - 10,425 - 15,506,277 (14,778,071)	Offset in the statement of financial condition Net assets recognized in the statement of financial condition 15,495,852 (14,778,071) 717,781 15,495,852 (14,778,071) 717,781 10,425 - 10,425 10,425 - 10,425 15,506,277 (14,778,071) 728,206	Offset in the statement of financial condition Net assets recognized in the statement of financial condition Gross amounts statement of financial instruments 15,495,852 (14,778,071) 717,781 - 15,495,852 (14,778,071) 717,781 - 10,425 - 10,425 - 15,506,277 (14,778,071) 728,206 -	Gross amounts not offset in the statement of financial conditionGross amounts not offset in the statement of financial conditionGross assets recognizedGross assets financial conditionGross amounts not offset in the statement of financial condition15,495,852(14,778,071)717,781-15,495,852(14,778,071)717,781-15,495,852(14,778,071)717,781-10,425-10,425-10,425-10,425-15,506,277(14,778,071)728,206-		

⁽¹⁾ The amount reported in collateral received and pledged (including cash) is limited to the amount of related assets presented in the statement of financial condition and therefore any over-collateralization of these assets are not included.

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Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2024

Offsetting of Derivative Liabilities and Financial Instruments

		June 30, 2024								
			Offset in the	Net liabilities recognized in	Gross amounts statement of fina					
		Gross liabilities recognized	statement of financial condition	the statement of financial condition	Financial instruments	Cash collateral paid	Net amount			
Derivative liabilities subject to netting arrangements: Fixed income instruments	\$	17,361,213	(13,650,733)	3,710,480			3,710,480			
Total derivative liabilities subject to netting arrangements:	5	17,361,213	(13,650,733)	3,710,480			3,710,480			
Total derivative liabilities at fair value	s, \$	17,361,213	(13,650,733)	3,710,480		<u> </u>	3,710,480			
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase, subject to netting arrangements:	\$	3,814,380,000	(614,380,000)	3,200,000,000	(3,200,000,000)					

⁽¹⁾ The amount reported in collateral received and pledged (including cash) is limited to the amount of related liability presented in the statement of financial condition and therefore any over-collateralization of these liabilities are not included.

(11) Repurchase Agreements

The following table presents the fair value of collateral pledged under repurchase agreements by the type of collateral provided to counterparties.

Gross Liabilities Collateral Pledged and Contractual Maturity

		Overnight and		
		Continuous	30-90 days	Total
Repurchase Agreements	•			
U.S. treasury obligations	\$	1,553,688,954	592,859,905	2,146,548,859
U.S. government agencies		40,694,274	26,974,257	67,668,531
Agency mortgage-backed securities	-	969,996,772	630,165,838	1,600,162,609
Total Gross Liabilities Collateral Pledged	\$	2,564,380,000	1,250,000,000	3,814,380,000

The Company's repurchase agreement transactions subject the Company to market risk, as any declines in the fair value of the securities that collateralize the repurchase agreement require the Company to pledge additional collateral based on predefined terms within the agreements.

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Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2024

(12) Collateral Arrangements

Under the Company's collateralized financing arrangements and other business activities, the Company either receives or provides collateral. As of June 30, 2024, the fair value of securities received and pledged as collateral is detailed in the tables below:

Source of available collateral - received:

Securities purchased under agreement to resell	\$_	1,523,456,328
Use of available collateral - pledged:		
Securities sold under agreement to repurchase Securities collateral pledged to clearing organizations	\$	3,185,441,979 50,477,024
	\$	3,235,919,003

The Securities sold under agreements to repurchase and Securities purchased under agreements to resell transactions are generally documented under industry standard agreements that allow the prompt close-out of all transactions (including the liquidation of securities held) and the offsetting of obligations to return cash or securities by the non-defaulting party, following a payment default or other type of default under the relevant master agreement. The Company minimizes credit risk associated with these activities by monitoring counterparty credit exposure and collateral values on a daily basis and requiring additional collateral to be deposited with or returned by the Company when deemed necessary. The counterparty that receives the securities in these transactions is generally unrestricted in its use of the securities, with the exception of transactions may restrict its use of the securities. All collateral delivered to counterparties which collateralize Securities sold under agreement to repurchase transactions are considered encumbered assets.

(13) Regulatory Requirements

a) Cash and Securities Segregated under Federal and Other Regulations

The Company performs weekly computations to determine the reserve deposit requirements of the SEC under Rule 15c3-3. As of June 30, 2024, the Company had a \$2,687,101 reserve deposit requirement. At June 30, 2024, cash of \$26,252,826 has been segregated in a special reserve bank account for the exclusive benefit of customers under Rule 15c3-3 of the SEC.

b) Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the Uniform Net Capital requirements of the SEC under Rule 15c3-1, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. The SEC's requirements also provide that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if certain minimum net capital requirements are not met. The Company computes its net capital in accordance with the alternative method of this Rule, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital equal to the greater of \$250,000 or 2% of aggregate debit items arising from customer related transactions of \$17,449, as defined.

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Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

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As an introducing broker registered with the CFTC, the Company is also subject to the net capital requirements of Regulation 1.17 of the Commodities Exchange Act. Under Regulation 1.17, the Company is required to maintain the greater of adjusted net capital of \$45,000 or the amount of net capital required by Rule 15c3-1.

At June 30, 2024, the Company had net capital of \$262,507,805, which was \$262,257,805 in excess of the minimum net capital required to be maintained at that date.

Advances to affiliates, dividend payments and other equity withdrawals are subject to certain notification and other provisions of the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule or other regulatory bodies.

(14) Income Taxes

The deferred income taxes reflect the tax effects of temporary differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of asset and liabilities. The Company has a gross deferred tax asset of \$4,393,445 at June 30, 2024. The deferred tax asset is primarily attributable to intangibles and the deferred tax liability is primarily attributable to depreciation. The Company has not recorded a valuation allowance because management believes it is more likely than not that the Company's deferred tax assets will be realized.

Federal taxes payable of \$345,046 are included in payable to affiliates on the Statement of Financial Condition. State taxes receivable of \$426,479 are included in other assets on the Statement of Financial Condition.

BNY Mellon's federal consolidated income tax returns are closed to examination through 2016. The New York State and the New York City income tax returns are closed through 2014. The Company's New Jersey income tax returns are closed to examination through 2018.

(15) Financial Instruments and Related Risks

In the normal course of business, the Company's activities involve the execution of securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet credit risk in the event the counterparty is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations. The Company conducts business with brokers and dealers that are members of the major securities exchanges.

The Company's securities activities are transacted on a delivery versus payment basis. In delivery versus payment transactions, the Company is exposed to risk of loss in the event of the customer's or broker's inability to meet the terms of their contracts. Should the customer or broker fail to perform, the Company may be required to complete the transaction at prevailing market prices. Trades pending at June 30, 2024 were settled without an adverse effect on the Company's financial statements.

Subsequent market fluctuations of securities sold, but not yet purchased may require purchasing these securities at prices which differ from values reflected on the Statement of Financial Condition. Market fluctuations of securities owned may require sale at prices which differ from values reflected on the Statement of Financial Condition. Inventory positions are monitored on a daily basis to minimize the risk of loss.

The Company's exposure to credit risk can be directly impacted by volatile securities markets, which may impair the ability of counterparties to satisfy their contractual obligations.

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Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2024

The Company seeks to control its credit risk through a variety of reporting and control procedures and by applying uniform credit standards maintained for all activities with credit risk.

(16) Commitments and Contingencies

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is routinely a defendant in or party to a number of pending and potential legal actions, including actions brought on behalf of various classes of claimants and regulatory matters. In regulatory enforcement matters, claims for disgorgement and the imposition of penalties and/or other remedial sanctions are possible. Due to the inherent difficulty of predicting the outcome of such matters, the Company cannot ascertain what the eventual outcome of these matters will be; however based on current knowledge and after consultation with legal counsel, the Company does not believe that judgments or settlements, if any, arising from pending or potential legal actions or regulatory matters, either individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect on the financial position or liquidity of the Company although they could have a material effect on the net income for a given period. The Company intends to defend itself vigorously against all the claims asserted in these legal actions.

In the normal course of business, certain activities of the Company involve the execution and clearance of customer securities transactions through clearing brokers. These activities may expose the Company to offbalance sheet risk in the event a customer is unable to fulfill its contractual obligation since, pursuant to the clearing agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing brokers without limit for losses that the clearing broker may sustain from the clients introduced by the Company. However, the transactions are collateralized by the underlying securities, thereby reducing the associated risk of the position to the changes in the market value of the security through settlement date.

As part of the Company's investment banking activities, the firm regularly enters in agreements which could create firm commitments on behalf of the Company and the issuer or underwriting group, which are generally short term in nature. These firm commitments are subject to the SEC's Net Capital rules and are reported on the Company's Net Capital Computation. As of June 30, 2024, the Company's Net Capital Computation reported firm commitment charges from underwriting activities of \$8,653,568.

(17) Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated whether any events or transactions occurred subsequent to the date of the financial statements and through August 27, 2024 and determined that there were no material events or transactions that would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.